

Mental Health Policy 2023-2024

Adopted and ratified: 5.10.2023 Next Review: 5.10.2024

MENTAL HEALTH & EMOTIONAL WELLBEING POLICY

For Bexhill Academy

This policy was adopted on 5.10.2023
This policy is due for review on 5.10.2024

Policy Statement

Mental health is a state of well-being in which every individual realises his or her own potential, can cope with the normal stresses of life, can work productively and fruitfully, and is able to make a contribution to her or his community. (World Health Organization)

Bexhill Academy is a community school that recognises the staff, parents/carers and students play an important part in making it successful. We aim for an environment that enables and encourages all members of the community to reach for "Brilliance". For our students to be able to gain the most from their education it is vital they feel safe and secure whilst attending our academy. This includes a curriculum in place to educate students on developing positive mental health and support mechanisms in place to allow for early intervention to support students who may be needing extra help.

At the academy, we aim to promote positive mental health for every member of our staff and student body. We pursue this aim using both universal, whole academy approaches (Level 1 services) and specialised, targeted approaches aimed at vulnerable students (Level 2 and 3 services).

This will include:

- PSHe curriculum (using PSHE Association materials and resources)
- Tutor time and assembly programmes, including celebration of World Mental Health Day
- Level 1 Mental Health First Aid Team to act as a first point of contact for students experiencing difficulties with their mental health
- askmilo@bexhillacademy.org email address
- Updated links in our Student Support Leaflets and on the website for advice and guidance around mental health
- Working alongside the School Health Team, Mental Health Support Team and Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS) to link students and their families to Level 2 and 3 support
- Listening Service counselling service
- Working alongside partner agencies such as Culture Shift and Dragonflies to provide specialist group work provision in the academy
- Development of Nurture Group provision
- ACE Centre to provide supported small group classes
- Staff Training
- Staff Employee Assistance Programme
- Academy Well Being Team

In the last Bexhill Academy 2023 Student Voice, 38.8% of Bexhill Academy pupils reported feeling "supported with emotional health" We therefore recognise the need to continue promoting positive mental health for all of our students.

In addition, we aim to recognise and respond to mental ill health. By developing and implementing practical, relevant and effective mental health policies and procedures we can promote a safe and stable environment for students affected both directly, and indirectly by mental ill health.

Mental Health

Mental health is how we feel, how we think and how we behave.

All children and young people need to:

- be able to Connect with others by participating in groups and teams
- know they are Capable and able to achieve
- know they Count in their world and can contribute to their community
- know they have Courage and can manage risks appropriately.

The mental health of children and young people, adults in school, parents and carers and the wider whole school community will impact on all areas of development, learning, achievement and experiences.

Purpose

At Bexhill Academy we encourage our students to:

- Be able to form and maintain relationships with others
- Be able to have fun
- Be open to learning
- Be able to develop a sense of right and wrong
- Be adaptable to change and other's people expectations
- Be able to develop the resilience to manage ordinary setbacks

The whole school community:

- Is involved in promoting positive mental health
- Is valued for the role it plays in promoting positive mental health
- Contributes towards the ethos of the school including Being Brilliant!

The policy aims to:

- Promote positive mental health in all staff and students
- Increase understanding and awareness of common mental health issues
- Alert staff to early warning signs of mental ill health
- Provide support to staff working with young people with mental health issues
- Provide support to students suffering mental ill health and their peers and parents/carers
- Will help to de-stigmatise mental health

This policy is supported by the academy's Student Well-Being Ambassadors.

This policy also supports and works in conjunction with the Friendship and Anti-Bullying policy, Behaviour policy and the Child Protection and Safeguarding policy.

Child Protection Responsibilities

Bexhill Academy is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people, including their mental health and emotional wellbeing, and expect all staff and volunteers to share this commitment. We recognise that children have a fundamental right to be protected from harm and that pupils cannot learn effectively unless they feel secure. We therefore aim to provide a school environment which promotes self-

confidence, a feeling of self-worth and the knowledge that pupils' concerns will be listened to and acted upon. Every pupil should feel safe, be healthy, enjoy and achieve, make a positive contribution and achieve economic wellbeing (Every Child matters, 2004). Deborah Holter, DSL, is the member of the Senior Leadership Team with a responsibility for Safeguarding and Child Protection. Parents and carers are welcome to approach the Year Teams if they have any concerns about the welfare of any child in the academy, whether these concerns relate to their own child or any other. If preferred, parents and carers may discuss concerns in private with the child's form teacher.

In addition to the child protection measures outlined in the academy's Safeguarding and Child Protection policy, the academy has a duty of care to protect and promote a child or young person's mental or emotional wellbeing.

Procedures

The most important role academy staff play is to familiarise themselves with the risk factors and warning signs outlined in the Appendices.

Below outlines the procedures that are followed if staff, a student, or another student raises concerns about one of their friends or if an individual student speaks to a member of staff specifically about how they are feeling.

ASK, ASSESS, ACT

Where a young person is distressed, the member of staff should ask them what support they need and want. Assess the risk of harm to self or others and try to reduce any risk that is present. Listen non-judgementally.

Give them time to talk and gain their confidence to take the issue to someone who could help further.

Give reassurance and information.

Tell them how brave they have been. Gently explain that you would like to help them. Do not promise confidentiality -it could be a child protection matter. Enable the young person to get help. Work through the avenues of support. Explain that you would like to share their thoughts with someone else so that they can get the best help.

Encourage them to speak to someone -offer to go with them.

Encourage self-help strategies.

Staff to complete a My Concern report.

Do not speak about your conversation or concerns with other pupils/casually to a member of staff.

High Risk

If you consider the young person to be at risk then you should follow the Safeguarding and Child Protection procedures and report your concerns directly to the Designated Safeguarding Lead This appropriate course action will be taken which may include:

- The young person needs a period of 'watchful waiting'
- Contacting parents/carers
- Arranging professional assistance e.g. doctor/nurse
- Arranging an appointment with a counsellor or Mental Health First Aider
- Making a referral to CAMHS or the Early Help Key Working Service via SPOA -with parental consent

Safety of all is Paramount

All staff have a duty of care towards the pupils and should respond accordingly when mental health first aid situations arise

Individual Short/Long Term Care Plan (IHCP)

Procedures Individual Health Care Plans (IHCPs)

Following consultation between the relevant staff and parents/carers an Individual Health Care Plan may be agreed between them (see Appendix IV). This would be available to the relevant teaching and support staff in order to provide the appropriate level of support for the student.

Short term mental health needs may also be supported by a Safeguarding Risk Reduction Plan – a copy of this would be available on SIMS with an alert on Class Charts.

Confidentiality and information sharing

Students may choose to confide in a member of Academy staff if they are concerned about their own welfare or that of a peer.

Students should be made aware that it may not be possible for staff to offer complete confidentiality.

If a member of staff considers a student is at serious risk of causing themselves harm then confidentiality cannot be kept.

It is important not to make promises of confidentiality that cannot be kept even if a student puts pressure on a member of staff to do so.

Young people with mental health problems typically visit the medical room more than their peers, often presenting with a physical concern. This gives the medical team a key role in identifying mental health issues early.

If a student confides in a member of the academy medical team then they should be encouraged to speak to their tutor and Pastoral Team.

After initial assessment, any immediate concern for a student's mental health would be reported to the DSL and/or Mental Health Lead (Mrs Ransom) and an appointment made to the Mental Health First Aid Team.

Students may also refer via askmilo@bexhillacademy.org

Confidentiality will be maintained within the boundaries of safeguarding the student.

The DSL and Mental Health Lead will decide what information is appropriate to pass on to parents/carers.

Parents/carers must disclose to the academy any known mental health problem or any concerns they may have about a student's mental health or emotional wellbeing. This includes any changes in family circumstances that may impact the student's wellbeing.

Mental Health First Aid

In order to ensure adequate mental health first aid provision and awareness it is our policy that:

• There are sufficient numbers of trained personnel to support those students who are experiencing mental and/or emotional difficulties.

- A Mental Health First Aider is available during normal school hours. The Mental Health First Aider Is responsible for:
 - Responding promptly to calls for assistance
 - Providing first aid support within their level of competence
 - Summoning medical help as necessary
 - Recording details of support given

The academy has seven qualified mental health first aiders, plus two Pastoral Team mental Health First Aiders, in attendance during normal working hours.

Safeguarding Lead

Is responsible for:

- Responding promptly to calls for assistance in high risk cases and safeguarding and child protection issues
- Making referrals to appropriate agencies
- Summoning immediate medical help if required
- Informing parents and carers

School Nurse/Mental Health Support Team

The School Nurse and/or Mental Health Support Team are available regularly once a week at the academy, and are responsible for:-

- Working closely with students, parents, carers and staff, offering support and advice on a range of issues
 offering medical support
- Playing a vital role in children's development, managing medical conditions and acting as a point of contact on child protection issues
- Maintaining accurate records of all support given

Staff Roles and Procedures:

Procedures for dealing with specific mental health issues are given as follows:

- The Pastoral Team should be contacted in the first instance and a concern raised through myconcern
- A record must be kept of all incidents and the first aid treatment support given. A copy should be kept by the academy in My Concern by the House Team.

Monitoring Policy

This policy will be monitored by the Mental Health Lead and the DSL.

The Mental Health and Wellbeing Policy and guidance will be reviewed every year as part of the policy review schedule

Linked Policies

Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy Friendship and Anti-bullying policy and procedures Behaviour policy

APPENDICES

Appendix 1 – Mental Health Issues

Appendix 2 - Sources or support at school and in the local community

Appendix 1: MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES

Below, we have sign-posted information and guidance about the issues most commonly seen in school-aged children. The links will take you through to the most relevant page of the listed website. Some pages are aimed primarily at parents but they are listed here because we think they are useful for academy staff too.

Support on all of these issues can be accessed via <u>Young Minds</u> (www.youngminds.org.uk), <u>Mind</u> (www.mind.org.uk) and (for e-learning opportunities) <u>Minded</u> (www.minded.org.uk).

Self-harm

Self-harm describes any behaviour where a young person causes harm to themselves in order to cope with thoughts, feelings or experiences they are not able to manage in any other way. It most frequently takes the form of cutting, burning or non-lethal overdoses in adolescents, while younger children and young people with special needs are more likely to pick or scratch at wounds, pull out their hair or bang or bruise themselves.

Online support

<u>SelfHarm.co.uk:</u> www.selfharm.co.uk

National Self-Harm Network: www.nshn.co.uk

Books

Pooky Knightsmith (2015) Self-Harm and Eating Disorders in Schools: A Guide to Whole School Support and Practical Strategies. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Keith Hawton and Karen Rodham (2006) By Their Own Young Hand: Deliberate Self-harm and Suicidal Ideas in Adolescents. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Carol Fitzpatrick (2012) A Short Introduction to Understanding and Supporting

Children and Young People Who Self-Harm. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Depression

Ups and downs are a normal part of life for all of us, but for someone who is suffering from depression these ups and downs may be more extreme. Feelings of failure, hopelessness, numbness or sadness may invade their day-to-day life over an extended period of weeks or months, and have a significant impact on their behaviour and ability and motivation to engage in day-to-day activities.

Online support

Depression Alliance: www.depressionalliance.org/information/what-depression

Books

Christopher Dowrick and Susan Martin (2015) Can I Tell you about Depression?: A guide for friends, family and professionals. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Anxiety, panic attacks and phobias

Anxiety can take many forms in children and young people, and it is something that each of us experiences at low levels as part of normal life. When thoughts of anxiety, fear or panic are repeatedly present over several weeks or months and/or they are beginning to impact on a young person's ability to access or enjoy day-to-day life, intervention is needed.

Online support

Anxiety UK: www.anxietyuk.org.uk

Books

Lucy Willetts and Polly Waite (2014) Can I Tell you about Anxiety?: A guide for friends, family and professionals.

London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Carol Fitzpatrick (2015) A Short Introduction to Helping Young People Manage

Anxiety. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Obsessions and compulsions

Obsessions describe intrusive thoughts or feelings that enter our minds which are disturbing or upsetting; compulsions are the behaviours we carry out in order to manage those thoughts or feelings. For example, a young person may be constantly worried that their house will burn down if they don't turn off all switches before leaving the house. They may respond to these thoughts by repeatedly checking switches, perhaps returning home several times to do so. Obsessive compulsive disorder (OCD) can take many forms – it is not just about cleaning and checking.

Online support

OCD UK: www.ocduk.org/ocd

Books

Amita Jassi and Sarah Hull (2013) Can I Tell you about OCD?: A guide for friends, family and professionals. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Susan Conners (2011) The Tourette Syndrome & OCD Checklist: A practical reference for parents and teachers. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass

Suicidal feelings

Young people may experience complicated thoughts and feelings about wanting to end their own lives. Some young people never act on these feelings though they may openly discuss and explore them, while other young people die suddenly from suicide apparently out of the blue.

Online support

<u>Prevention of young suicide UK – PAPYRUS: www.papyrus-uk.org</u>

On the edge: ChildLine spotlight report on suicid<u>e:</u> www.nspcc.org.uk/preventing-abuse/research-and-resources/on-the-edgechildline-spotlight/

Books

Keith Hawton and Karen Rodham (2006) By Their Own Young Hand: Deliberate Self-harm and Suicidal Ideas in Adolescents. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers Terri A.Erbacher, Jonathan B. Singer and Scott Poland (2015) Suicide in Schools: A Practitioner's Guide to Multi-level Prevention, Assessment, Intervention, and Postvention. New York: Routledge

Eating problems

Food, weight and shape may be used as a way of coping with, or communicating about, difficult thoughts, feelings and behaviours that a young person experiences day to day. Some young people develop eating disorders such as anorexia (where food intake is restricted), binge eating disorder and bulimia nervosa (a cycle of bingeing and purging). Other young people, particularly those of primary or preschool age, may develop problematic behaviours around food including refusing to eat in certain situations or with certain people. This can be a way of communicating messages the child does not have the words to convey.

Online support

Beat – the eating disorders charity: www.b-eat.co.uk/about-eating-disorders

Eating Difficulties in Younger Children and when to worry:

www.inourhands.com/eating-difficulties-in-younger-children

<u>Books</u>

Bryan Lask and Lucy Watson (2014) Can I tell you about Eating Disorders?: A Guide for Friends, Family and Professionals. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Pooky Knightsmith (2015) Self-Harm and Eating Disorders in Schools: A Guide to Whole School Support and

Practical Strategies. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers

Pooky Knightsmith (2012) Eating Disorders Pocketbook. Teachers' Pocketbooks

Appendix 2: Sources or support at the academy

Academy Based Support

There is a full range of support available to students.

Mental Health Lead

Designated Safeguarding Lead

Wellbeing Ambassadors

Nurture Practitioner KS3

Listening Service

School Nurse

Primary Mental Health Lead (CAMHS)

Pastoral managers